

## MODEL G0588/G0591

 SLIDING TABLE SAW MANUAL UPDATEThis update covers changes made to the machine after the owner's manual was printed. All page number references refer to the owner's manual for this machine. Keep this update with your owner's manual for future reference. If you have questions, contact Tech Support at (570) 546-9663 or by email at techsupport@grizzly.com.

## What Changed?

The locking system for the sliding table has been updated to include two locking mechanisms, as shown in Figure 1, and is used as noted below.


Figure 1. New sliding table handle with two lock handles.

Center Locking Table (Figure 2): This configuration locks the sliding table so it is centered with the saw cabinet. This position is typically used for cuts when the sliding table must remain in a fixed position, such as with traditional rip cuts.

Freely Sliding Table (Figure 3): This configuration allows the sliding table to slide freely for regular operation of the sliding table saw.

Extending Table (Figure 4): This configuration allows the sliding table to extend beyond its regular stopping point for cutting longer workpieces or gaining access to the internal blade guard.


Figure 2. Configuration to lock the table so it is centered with the saw cabinet.


Figure 3. Configuration to freely slide table.


Figure 4. Configuration to extend the table beyond the regular stopping position.

## Sliding Table (January, 2008)

(This page replaces page 57 of the original manual.)


## Sliding Table Parts (January, 2008)

(This page replaces page 56 of the original manual.)

| REF |
| :--- |
| PART \# |
| 9 PSB01M DESCRIPTION <br> 42 P0588042 SLIDING TABLE <br> 43 P0588043 SLIDING TABLE END <br> 44 PSB01M CAP SCREW M6-1 X 16 <br> 45 P0588045 RUBBER PLATE <br> 46 PFH23M FLAT HD SCR M8-1.25 X 16 <br> 47 P0588047 GIB <br> 48 PB83M HEX BOLT M6-1 X 16 <br> 49 P0588049 STEEL RAILS <br> 50 P0588050 HANDLE <br> $51 A$ P0588051A HANDLE COVER V2.01.08 <br> 52 P0588052 STOP LEVER <br> 53 P0588053 SLEEVE <br> 54 P0588054 EXTENSION SPRING <br> 55 PN13M HEX NUT M16-2 <br> 56 P0588056 STOP PIN <br> 57 P0588057 HOLD DOWN BRACKET <br> 58 PR02M EXT. RETAINING RING 14MM <br> 59 PRP45M ROLL PIN 5 X 32 <br> 60 P0588060 COMPRESSION SPRING <br> 61 P0588061 CAM <br> 62 P0588062 HANDLE SHAFT <br> 63 P0588063 BALL HANDLE <br> 64 P0588064 HOLD DOWN ARBOR <br> 65 P0588065 PLASTIC HOLD DOWN WASHER <br> 66 P0588066 T-NUT PLATE <br> 67 P0588067 EDGE SHOE PLATE <br> 68 P0588068 T-NUT PLATE <br> 69 PB74M HEX BOLT M10-1.5 X 20 <br> 70 P0588070 ADJUST HANDLE M10-1.5 X 16 <br> 71 P0588071 STEEL BALL BASE <br> 72 P0588072 STEEL BALL BASE SPONGE <br>    |


| REF |
| :--- |
| PART \# |
| 73 P0588073 DESCRIPTION <br> 74 P0588074 STEEL BALL DIA. 18MM <br> 75 P0588075 SLIDING BASE $11 / 16 M M$ <br> 76 P0588076 SLIDING BASE COVER (BACK) <br> 77 P0588077 SLIDING BASE COVER (FRONT) <br> 78 PB137M HEX BOLT M14-2 X 30 <br> 79 PB153M HEX BOLT M14-2 X 40 <br> 80 P0588080 ADJUSTMENT PLATE <br> 81 PN32M HEX NUT M14-2 <br> 259 P0588259 HOLD DOWN PLATE <br> 260 P0588260 KNOB M8-1.25 X 20 <br> 261 P0588261 HOLD DOWN SHAFT <br> 302 PSB14M CAP SCREW M8-1.25 X 20 <br> 304 P0588304 PUSH HANDLE M14-2 X 16 <br> 401 P0588401 BRACKET <br> 402 PW03M FLAT WASHER 6MM <br> 403 PSB114M CAP SCREW M6-1 X 22 <br> 404 P0588404 TORSION SPRING <br> 405 PN06M HEX NUT M5-.8 <br> 406 P0588406 LONG SHAFT <br> 407 P0588407 SPECIAL SCREW M6-1 X 30 <br> 408 PSB01M CAP SCREW M6-1 X 16 <br> 409 P0588409 L-PLATE <br> 410 PSB24M CAP SCREW M5-.8 X 16 <br> 411 PN01M HEX NUT M6-1 <br> 412 P0588412 ECCENTRIC SHAFT <br> 413 P0588413 SLEEVE <br> 414 P0588414 BRACKET <br> 415 PW02M FLAT WASHER 5MM <br> 416 PSB50M CAP SCREW M5-.8 X 10 <br> 417 PLN04M LOCK NUT M8-1.25 <br> 418 P0588418 LOCK LABEL <br>    |



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G0588/91 Crosscut Fence July, 2006


## G0588/91 Crosscut Fence July, 2006

| REF |
| :--- |
| PART \# |
| 29 PN01M DESCR NUT M6-1 <br> 109 P0588109 STOP PLATE <br> 110 P0588110 NYLON PAD <br> 111 P0588111 KNOB M6-1 X 35 <br> 114 P0588114 CLAMPING BASE <br> 115 P0588115 T-NUT M6-1 <br> 116 P0588116 CLAMPING ARBOR <br> 117 PW01M FLAT WASHER 8MM <br> 118 PLN04M LOCK NUT M8-1.25 <br> $119 A$ P0588119A SCALE (LONG) <br> 120 P0588120 CROSSCUT FENCE <br> 121 PSS04M SET SCREW M6-1 X 12 |


| REF |
| :--- |
| PART \# |
| 122 A P0588122A FRONT SUPPORT BLOCK <br> 123 P0588123 T-BOLT M10-1.5 <br> 124 P0588124 KNOB M10-1.5 <br> $125 A$ P0588125A LOCK T-BOLT M10-1.5 X 25 <br> $126 A$ P0588126A SCALE(SHORT) <br> 127 P0588127 CROSS CUTTING FENCE-SHORT <br> 128 P0588128 LOCK PLATE <br> 129 PSS29M SET SCREW M6-1 X 35 <br> 130 P0588130 CROSS FENCE SUPPORT PLATE <br> $138 A$ P0588138A STOP PLATE <br> 263 P0588263 SCALE TUBE |



## 12" SLIDING TABLE SAW <br> MODEL G0588/G0591 INSTRUCTION MANUAL




Some dust created by power sanding, sawing, grinding, drilling, and other construction activities contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. Some examples of these chemicals are:

- Lead from lead-based paints.
- Crystalline silica from bricks, cement, and other masonry products.
- Arsenic and chromium from chemically treated lumber.

Your risk from these exposures varies, depending on how often you do this type of work. To reduce your exposure to these chemicals: work in a well ventilated area, and work with approved safety equipment, such as those dust masks that are specially designed to filter out microscopic particles.

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## Foreword

We are proud to offer the Model G0588/G0591 12 " Sliding Table Saws. These machines are part of a growing Grizzly family of fine woodworking machinery. When used according to the guidelines set forth in this manual, you can expect years of trouble-free, enjoyable operation and proof of Grizzly's commitment to customer satisfaction.

We are pleased to provide this manual with the Model G0588/G0591. It was written to guide you through assembly, review safety considerations, and cover general operating procedures. It represents our effort to produce the best documentation possible.

The specifications, drawings, and photographs illustrated in this manual represent the Model G0588/G0591 as supplied when the manual was prepared. However, owing to Grizzly's policy of continuous improvement, changes may be made at any time with no obligation on the part of Grizzly. For your convenience, we always keep current Grizzly manuals available on our website at www.grizzly.com. Any updates to your machine will be reflected in these manuals as soon as they are complete. Visit our site often to check for the latest updates to this manual!


# Grizzly. MACHINE DATA SHEET 

Customer Service \#: (570) 546-9663 • To Order Call: (800) 523-4777 • Fax \#: (800) 438-5901

## MODEL G0588/G0591 12" Sliding Table Saws

Overall Dimensions:
Overall Size. 140" W (192" w/Cross Slide Fence Extended) x 126" D (270" w/Sliding Table Extended) x 48" H
Table Height ..... 36"
Table Size (w/Extension Wings) ..... $65^{\prime \prime}$ W x 59" D
Sliding Table Size ..... 133/4" W x 118" DMachine Net Weight1140 lbs.
Machine Shipping Weight ..... 1430 lbs.
Crate 1 Size ..... 893/8" W x 40½" D x 44" H
Crate 2 Size $1313 / 8^{" W}$ W $\times 17^{\prime \prime}$ D x $11^{77} 8^{" H}$
Base Footprint (w/Extension Leg) 79" W x 74" D
Capacities:
Main Blade Diameter. ..... 12" (305mm)
Scoring Blade Diameter ..... $3^{1 / 81}$ ( 80 mm )
Maximum Depth of Cut at $90^{\circ}$ ..... $3^{11 / 16^{\prime \prime}}$
Maximum Depth of Cut at $45^{\circ}$ ..... 23/4"
Blade Tilt ..... 0-45
Table w/Rip Fence Max Cutting Width ..... 48"
Sliding Table w/Cross Fence Max Cut Width ..... 126"
Sliding Table w/Cross Fence Max Cut Length ..... 118"
Construction:
Sliding Table ..... Aluminum
Machine Frame ..... Steel
Fence Extruded Aluminum
RailsChromed Stee
Trunnions Cast Iron
Motor:
G0588 Motor 7½ HP, 220/440V (Prewired 220V), 20/10A, 3-PhaseG0591 Motor5 HP, 220V, 22A, Single-Phase
Motor RPM ..... 3450 RPM
Main Blade Arbor ..... 1"
Main Blade Arbor Speed ..... 4900 RPM
Scoring Blade Arbor ..... 20 mm
Scoring Arbor Speed ..... 9000 RPM
Ball Bearings Shielded \& Lubricated
Power Transfer ..... Belt Drive
Switch Magnetic w/Thermal Overload Protection
Features:

Blade Guard w/2½" Dust Port
5" Main Dust Port
Adjustable Scoring Knife Kerf Adjustable Riving Knife Micro Adjustable, Single Lever Locking Fence

## Identification



Figure 1. Main view of machine features and controls.
A. Crosscut Table: Provides a wide, stable platform for supporting full-size panels during crosscutting operations.
B. Flip Stops: Used for quick measurements for crosscutting.
C. Crosscut Fence: Used during crosscutting operations. Features a scale and multiple flip-style stop blocks for precise, repeatable crosscutting operations.
D. Blade Guard: Fully-adjustable blade guard maintains maximum protection around the saw blade and a $2^{1 / 2 "}$ " dust port effectively extracts dust from the cutting operation.
E. Rip Fence: Fully adjustable with micro-adjustment knob for precision adjustments. Fence face can be positioned for standard cutting operations, or in the lower position for blade guard clearance during narrow ripping operations.
F. Sliding Table: Conveniently glides the workpiece through the blade with effortless precision and ease.
G. EMERGENCY STOP Button: Turns the motor OFF when pushed.
H. Power ON/OFF Buttons: Turns the main and scoring blades ON or OFF.
I. Blade Angle Handwheel: Adjusts the angle of the saw blades.


Figure 2. Fence controls.
J. Rip Fence Body Lock Lever: Secures the fence body in position along the fence rail.
K. Rip Fence Scale: Allows precise measurement of rip cutting operations.
L. Rip Fence Lock Handle: Secures the fence face on its forward/backward slide track.
M. Micro-Adjust Knob: Precisely adjusts the fence.
N. Fence Face: The surface that the workpiece slides along.
O. Fence Body: Guides the fence along the rail and supports the fence face.


Figure 3. Blades.
P. Riving Knife: Maintains kerf opening during cutting operations. This function is crucial to preventing kickback caused by the kerf closing behind the blade.
Q. Main Blade (Not Included): Performs the cutting operations.
R. Scoring Blade (Not Included): Small cutting blade that rotates opposite the main saw blade. The blade scores the workpiece before the actual cutting operation is performed preventing tear-out in laminate materials. The scoring blade is adjustable left and right, up and down, and in thickness of kerf.
S. Scoring Blade Vertical Adjustment Socket: Internal cap screw adjusts the height of the scoring blade.
T. Scoring Blade Horizontal Adjustment Socket: Internal cap screw adjusts the horizontal position of the scoring blade in relation to the main blade.
U. Scoring Blade Lock Socket: Locks the scoring blade adjustments.
V. Lower Blade Guard: Prevents accidental contact with the blade when the table is at its full extension.

## SECTION 1: SAFETY

# $\triangle$ AWARNING <br> For Your Own Safety, Read Instruction Manual Before Operating this Machine 

The purpose of safety symbols is to attract your attention to possible hazardous conditions. This manual uses a series of symbols and signal words which are intended to convey the level of importance of the safety messages. The progression of symbols is described below. Remember that safety messages by themselves do not eliminate danger and are not a substitute for proper accident prevention measures.

## CDANGER

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, WILL result in death or serious injury.
$\triangle$ WARNING
Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, COULD result in death or serious injury.
$\triangle$ CAUTION
Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, MAY result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.
NOTICE

This symbol is used to alert the user to useful information about proper operation of the machine.

## $\triangle$ AWARNING Safety Instructions for Machinery

1. READ THROUGH THE ENTIRE MANUAL BEFORE STARTING MACHINERY. Machinery presents serious injury hazards to untrained users.
2. ALWAYS USE ANSI APPROVED SAFETY GLASSES WHEN OPERATING MACHINERY. Everyday eyeglasses only have impact resistant lenses, they are NOT safety glasses.
3. ALWAYS WEAR AN ANSI APPROVED RESPIRATOR WHEN OPERATING MACHINERY THAT PRODUCES DUST. Wood dust is a carcinogen and can cause cancer and severe respiratory illnesses.
4. ALWAYS USE HEARING PROTECTION WHEN OPERATING MACHINERY. Machinery noise can cause permanent hearing damage.
5. WEAR PROPER APPAREL. DO NOT wear loose clothing, gloves, neckties, rings, or jewelry which may get caught in moving parts. Wear protective hair covering to contain long hair and wear non-slip footwear.
6. NEVER OPERATE MACHINERY WHEN TIRED, OR UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF DRUGS OR ALCOHOL. Be mentally alert at all times when running machinery.

# AWARNING Safety Instructions for Machinery 

7. ONLY ALLOW TRAINED AND PROPERLY SUPERVISED PERSONNEL TO OPERATE MACHINERY. Make sure operation instructions are safe and clearly understood.
8. KEEP CHILDREN AND VISITORS AWAY. Keep all children and visitors a safe distance from the work area.
9. MAKE WORKSHOP CHILD PROOF. Use padlocks, master switches, and remove start switch keys.
10. NEVER LEAVE WHEN MACHINE IS RUNNING. Turn power OFF and allow all moving parts to come to a complete stop before leaving machine unattended.
11. DO NOT USE IN DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENTS. DO NOT use machinery in damp, wet locations, or where any flammable or noxious fumes may exist.
12. KEEP WORK AREA CLEAN AND WELL LIT. Clutter and dark shadows may cause accidents.
13. USE A GROUNDED EXTENSION CORD RATED FOR THE MACHINE AMPERAGE. Undersized cords overheat and lose power. Replace extension cords if they become damaged. DO NOT use extension cords for 220 V machinery.
14. ALWAYS DISCONNECT FROM POWER SOURCE BEFORE SERVICING MACHINERY. Make sure switch is in OFF position before reconnecting.
15. MAINTAIN MACHINERY WITH CARE. Keep blades sharp and clean for best and safest performance. Follow instructions for lubricating and changing accessories.
16. MAKE SURE GUARDS ARE IN PLACE AND WORK CORRECTLY BEFORE USING MACHINERY.
17. REMOVE ADJUSTING KEYS AND WRENCHES. Make a habit of checking for keys and adjusting wrenches before turning machinery $\mathbf{O N}$.
18. CHECK FOR DAMAGED PARTS BEFORE USING MACHINERY. Check for binding and alignment of parts, broken parts, part mounting, loose bolts, and any other conditions that may affect machine operation. Repair or replace damaged parts.
19. USE RECOMMENDED ACCESSORIES. Refer to the instruction manual for recommended accessories. The use of improper accessories may cause risk of injury.
20. DO NOT FORCE MACHINERY. Work at the speed for which the machine or accessory was designed.
21. SECURE WORKPIECE. Use clamps or a vise to hold the workpiece when practical. A secured workpiece protects your hands and frees both hands to operate the machine.
22. DO NOT OVERREACH. Keep proper footing and balance at all times.
23. MANY MACHINES WILL EJECT THE WORKPIECETOWARDTHEOPERATOR. Know and avoid conditions that cause the workpiece to "kickback."
24. ALWAYS LOCK MOBILE BASES (IF USED) BEFORE OPERATING MACHINERY.
25. BE AWARE THAT CERTAIN WOODS MAY CAUSE AN ALLERGIC REACTION in people and animals, especially when exposed to fine dust. Make sure you know what type of wood dust you will be exposed to and always wear an approved respirator.

## AWARNING Safety Instructions for Sliding Table Saws

1. SAFETY ACCESSORIES. Always use the blade guard and riving knife on all "throughsawing" operations. Through-sawing operations are those when the blade cuts completely through the workpiece.
2. KICKBACK. Kickback is defined as high speed expulsion of stock from the table saw toward the operator. Until you have a clear understanding of kickback and how it occurs, DO NOT operate this table saw!
3. WORKPIECE CONTROL. Make sure the workpiece is placed in a stable position on the table and is either supported by the rip fence or the crosscut table during cutting operations.
4. PUSH STICK. Always use a push stick when ripping narrow stock.
5. OPERATOR POSITION. Never stand or have any part of your body directly in-line with the cutting path of the saw blade.
6. REACHING OVER SAW BLADE. Never reach behind or over the blade with either hand while the saw is running. If kickback occurs while reaching over the blade, hands or arms could be pulled into the spinning saw blade.
7. RIP FENCE USAGE. When using the crosscut fence, the workpiece should never contact the rip fence while the saw blade is cutting.
8. STALLED BLADE. Turn the saw OFF before "freeing" a stalled saw blade.
9. AWKWARD OPERATIONS. Avoid awkward operations and hand positions where a sudden slip could cause your hand to move into the spinning saw blade.
10. BLADE HEIGHT. Always adjust the blade to the proper height above the workpiece.
11. DAMAGED SAW BLADES. Never use blades that have been dropped or damaged. A damaged blade could lose teeth while turning, causing injury or death.
12. RIVING KNIFE ALIGNMENT. Only operate the saw if the riving knife is aligned with the main blade to prevent kickback.
13. EXPERIENCING DIFFICULTIES. If at any time you are experiencing difficulties performing the intended operation, stop using the machine! Contact Tech Support at (570) 546-9663.

## AWARNING

Like all machines there is danger associated with the Model G0588/G0591. Accidents are frequently caused by lack of familiarity or failure to pay attention. Use this machine with respect and caution to lessen the possibility of operator injury. If normal safety precautions are overlooked or ignored, serious personal injury may occur.

## ACAUTION

No list of safety guidelines can be complete. Every shop environment is different. Always consider safety first, as it applies to your individual working conditions. Use this and other machinery with caution and respect. Failure to do so could result in serious personal injury, damage to equipment, or poor work results.

## $\triangle$ WARNING

Statistics prove that most common accidents among table saw users can be linked to kickback. Kickback is typically defined as the high-speed expulsion of stock from the table saw toward its operator. In addition to the danger of the operator or others in the area being struck by the flying stock, the operator's hands can be pulled into the blade during the kickback.

## Preventing Kickback

Below are tips to reduce the likelihood of kickback:

- Never attempt freehand cuts. If the workpiece is not fed perfectly parallel with the blade, a kickback will likely occur. Always use the rip fence or crosscut fence to support the workpiece.
- Make sure the riving knife is always aligned with the blade. A misaligned riving knife can cause the workpiece to bind or stop the flow of the cut, resulting in an increased chance of kickback. If you think that your riving knife is not aligned with the blade, check it immediately!
- Ensure that your table slides parallel with the blade; otherwise, the chances of kickback are extreme. Take the time to check and adjust the sliding table.
- Use the riving knife whenever performing a through cut. The riving knife helps maintain the kerf in the workpiece after it is cut, therefore, reducing the chance of kickback.
- Keep the blade guard installed and in good working order. Only remove it when performing non-through cuts and immediately reinstall the blade guard when finished with the non-through cut.
- Make multiple, shallow passes when performing a non-through cut. Making a deep non-through cut will greatly increase the chance of kickback.
- Feed cuts through to completion. Anytime you stop feeding a workpiece that is in the middle of a cut, the chance of binding, resulting in kickback, is greatly increased.



## Protecting Yourself from Kickback

Even if you know how to prevent kickback, it may still happen. Here are some tips to reduce the likelihood of injury if kickback DOES occur:

- Never, for any reason, place your hand behind the blade. Should kickback occur, your hand will be pulled into the blade.
- Stand to the side of the blade during every cut. If a kickback does occur, the thrown workpiece usually travels directly in front of the blade.
- Always wear safety glasses or a face shield. In the event of a kickback, your eyes and face are the most vulnerable part of your body.
- Use a pushstick to keep your hands farther away from the moving blade. If a kickback occurs, the push stick will most likely take the damage that your hand would have received.


## Glossary of Terms

The following is a list of common definitions, terms and phrases used throughout this manual as they relate to this table saw and woodworking in general. Become familiar with these terms for assembling, adjusting or operating this machine. Your safety is VERY important to us at Grizzly!

Arbor: A metal shaft extending from the drive mechanism that is the mounting location for the saw blade.

Bevel Edge Cut: Tilting the arbor and saw blade to an angle between $0^{\circ}$ and $45^{\circ}$ to cut a beveled edge onto a workpiece.

Blade Guard: Metal or plastic safety device that mounts over the saw blade. Its function is to prevent the operator from coming into contact with the saw blade.

Crosscut: Cutting operation in which the crosscut fence is used to cut across the shortest width of the workpiece.

Dado Blade: Blade or set of blades that are used to cut grooves and rabbets.

Dado Cut: Cutting operation that uses a dado blade to cut a flat bottomed groove into the face of the workpiece.

Featherboard: Safety device used to keep the workpiece against the rip fence and against the table surface.

Kerf: The resulting cut or gap in the workpiece after the saw blade passes through during a cutting operation.

Kickback: An event in which the workpiece is propelled back towards the operator at a high rate of speed.

Parallel: Being an equal distance apart at every point along two given lines or planes (i.e. the rip fence face is parallel to the face of the saw blade).

Non-Through Cut: A sawing operation that requires the removal of the blade guard and riving knife. Dado and rabbet cuts are considered Non-Through Cuts because the blade does not protrude above the top face of the wood stock. Deep Non-Through Cuts must be made with multiple, light passes to reduce chance of kickback. Always remember to re-install the blade guard and riving knife after performing a non-through cut.

Perpendicular: Lines or planes that intersect and form right angles (i.e. the blade is perpendicular to the table surface).

Push Stick: Safety device used to push the workpiece through a cutting operation. Used most often when rip cutting thin workpieces.

Rabbet: Cutting operation that creates an Lshaped channel along the edge of the workpiece.

Riving Knife (Splitter): Metal plate located behind the blade. It maintains the kerf opening in the wood when performing a cutting operation.

Straightedge: A tool used to check the flatness, parallelism, or consistency of a surface(s).

Through Cut: A sawing operation in which the workpiece is completely sawn through.

Rip Cut: Cutting operation in which the rip fence is used to cut across the widest width of the workpiece.

## 220V Single-Phase

## $\triangle$ AWARNING

Serious personal injury could occur if you connect the machine to the power source before you have completed the set up process. DO NOT connect the machine to the power source until instructed to do so.

## Amperage Draw

The 5 HP motor on the Model G0591 will draw the following amps:

Motor Draw at 220 V
22 Amps

## Minimum Circuit Requirements

Only connect your machine to a circuit that meets the requirements below. Check to see if the wires and circuit breaker in your circuit are capable of handling the amperage draw from your machine, as well as any other machines that could be operating on the same circuit. If you are unsure, consult a qualified electrician.

Minimum Circuit Requirement
25 Amp

## Minimum Cord Requirements

Use the following type of cord to connect your machine to power (a cord is not provided):

Cord 3 wire
Gauge
10 Gauge

## Extension Cords

We do not recommend the use of extension cords on 220 V equipment. Instead, arrange the placement of your equipment and the installed wiring to eliminate the need for extension cords.

If you find it absolutely necessary to use an extension cord at 220 V with your machine, check with a qualified electrician for the correct sizing, type, and maximum possible length for your needs.

## Connection Type

Recommended Plug/Receptacle....NEMA L6-30


Figure 4. NEMA L6-30 plug and receptacle.
Another option for increased safety is to hardwire your machine directly to the circuit breaker and install a locking shut-off lever near the machine as a way to quickly disconnect the power and prevent accidental starting (see Figure 5).

## Grounding

In the event of an electrical short, grounding reduces the risk of electric shock. The grounding wire in the cord must be properly connected to the grounding prong on the plug; likewise, the outlet must be properly installed and grounded. All electrical connections must be made in accordance with local codes and ordinances.


AWARNING
Electrocution or fire could result if this machine is not grounded correctly or if your electrical configuration does not comply with local and state codes. Ensure compliance by checking with a qualified electrician!

## 220/440V 3-Phase

## AWARNING

Serious personal injury could occur if you connect your machine to the power source before you have completed the set up process. DO NOT connect the machine to the power source until instructed to do so.

## Wiring

The Model G0588 is prewired for 220V 3-phase operation. If 440 voltage is required, rewire the machine according to the instructions on Page 14 and follow the circuit requirements on this page.

## Amperage Draw

The Model G0588 has a 7112 HP main motor that will draw the following amps:

Motor Draw at 220 V ...................................... 20 Amps 10 Amps
Motor Draw at 440V .....................

## Minimum Circuit Requirements

Only connect your machine to a circuit that meets the requirements below. Check to see if the wires and circuit breaker in your circuit are capable of handling the amperage draw from your machine, as well as any other machines that could be operating on the same circuit. If you are unsure, consult a qualified electrician.
220V Circuit
25 Amp
440V Circuit............................................. 15 Amp

## Minimum Cord Requirements

Use the following type of cord to connect your machine to power (a cord is not provided):

Cord 4 wire
Gauge
10 Gauge

## Connection Type

We recommend hardwiring 3-phase machines directly to the circuit breaker and installing a locking shut-off lever near the machine as a way to quickly disconnect the power and prevent accidental starting (see Figure 5).


Figure 5. A power disconnect is preferable to high current plugs and receptacles.

## ACAUTION

A fire may occur if your particular electrical configuration does not comply with local and state codes. The best way to ensure compliance is to check with your local municipality or a qualified electrician.


## Phase Converter

When using a phase converter, the power from the manufactured power leg (sometimes called the wild wire) can fluctuate. Connect the manufactured power leg to the S terminal to prevent damage to the electrical controls. The wire from the $S$ terminal can handle some fluctuation because it goes directly to the motor. The power going to the $R$ and $T$ terminals goes to the electrical controls and must be consistent to prevent damage. See the instruction manual included with the phase converter for more information.


## Grounding

In the event of an electrical short, grounding reduces the risk of electric shock. The grounding wire in the cord must be properly connected to the grounding prong on the plug; likewise, the outlet must be properly installed and grounded. All electrical connections must be made in accordance with local codes and ordinances.

Improper connections of the electrical-grounding conductor increases the risk of electric shock. Check with a qualified electrician or one of our service personnel if you do not understand the grounding instructions, or if you doubt the machine is properly grounded.

$\triangle$ AWARNING
Electrocution or fire could result if this machine is not grounded correctly or if your electrical configuration does not comply with local and state codes. Ensure compliance by checking with a qualified electrician!

Rewiring to 440 V

The Model G0588 can be rewired for 440V operation. This rewiring job consists of disconnecting the saw from the power source, replacing the magnetic switch, and rewiring the motor.

The necessary magnetic switch for this procedure can be purchased by calling our Customer Service number at (800) 523-4777.

This procedure takes moderate electrical skill and the rewiring job must be inspected by a qualified electrician before the saw is connected to the power source.

To rewire the Model G0588 for 440V operation:

1. Disconnect the saw from the power source!
2. Remove the control panel cover plate shown in Figure 6.


Figure 6. Control panel cover plate.
3. Remove the control panel surrounding plate and the cover.
4. Replace the 220 V magnetic switch (Figure 7) with the 440 V magnetic switch. Set the dial on the new overload relay to 11A.

Note: The magnetic switch consists of the magnetic contactor and the overload relay.


Figure 7. Magnetic switch.
5. Replace the control panel cover, surrounding plate, and the cover plate.
6. Open the motor cabinet door and remove the motor wiring cover (see Figure 8).


Figure 8. Motor location.
7. Rewire the motor per the diagram on the inside of the motor wiring cover.

# SECTION 3: SET UP 

## Set Up Safety

## Unpacking

The Model G0588/G0591 was carefully packed when it left our warehouse. If you discover the machine is damaged after you have signed for delivery, please immediately call Customer Service at (570) 546-9663 for advice.

Save the containers and all packing materials for possible inspection by the carrier or its agent. Otherwise, filing a freight claim can be difficult.

When you are completely satisfied with the condition of your shipment, you should inventory the contents.

## Items Needed for Set Up

## The following items are needed to complete the set up, but are not included with your machine:

Description ..... Qty

- Safety Glasses (for each person) ..... 1
- Power Lifting Equipment ..... 1
- Lifting Straps (1500 lb capacity). ..... 2
- An Assistant ..... 1
- Main Blade 12" (305mm) ..... 1
- Scoring Blade 3" (80mm) ..... 1
- Phillips Head Screwdriver ..... 1
- Dial Indicator, or an Adjustable Square and Feeler Gauges ..... 1
- Felt Tip Pen ..... 1
- Right Angle Square ..... 1
- Dust Collection System ..... 1
- 5" Dust Hose and Hose Clamps ..... 1
- $21 / 2$ " Dust Hose and Hose Clamps ..... 1
- Power Cord (length as needed) ..... 1
- Power Disconnect Box. ..... 1


## Moving \& Placing Base Unit



## $\triangle$ WARNING

The Model G0588/G0591
is a heavy machine with a shipping weight over 1400 lbs. Serious personal injury may occur if safe moving methods are not followed. To be safe, get assistance and use power equipment when moving the crate and removing the machine from the crate.

## $\triangle$ WARNING

Use lifting straps with a minimum of 1500 Ibs. lifting capacity. If the lifting strap breaks, serious personal injury may occur.

To remove the saw base unit from the crate pallet:

1. Remove the top of the crate and position the forklift forks together and directly above the saw.
2. Place two lifting straps with hooks on the ends over the forks and slide the hooks into the points shown in Figure 9.


Figure 9. Lifting the saw base unit.

## AWARNING

DO NOT lift the table saw any higher than necessary to clear the floor. Serious personal injury and damage to the machine may occur if safe moving methods are not followed.
3. Lift the saw base unit and move it to your predetermined location.


## Site Considerations

## Floor Load

The G0588/G0591 weighs 1140 lbs. and has a base footprint of 79" W x 74" D. Most commercial floors are suitable for this machine. Residential floors may require additional reinforcement to support the machine and operator.

## Working Clearances

Consider existing and anticipated needs, size of material to be processed through your machine, and space for auxiliary stands, work tables or other machinery when establishing a location for your saw. See Figure 10 for the minimum working clearances of the Model G0588/G0591.


Figure 10. Working clearances.


## Clean Up

The unpainted surfaces are coated with a waxy oil to protect them from corrosion during shipment. Remove this protective coating with a solvent cleaner or citrus-based degreaser such as Grizzly's G7895 Degreaser. To clean thoroughly, some parts may need to be removed. For optimum performance from your machine, make sure you clean all moving parts or sliding contact surfaces that are coated. Avoid chlo-rine-based solvents, such as acetone or brake parts cleaner, as they may damage painted surfaces should they come in contact. Always follow the manufacturer's instructions when using any type of cleaning product.


Inventory

After all the parts have been removed from the two boxes, you should have the following items:

Crate 1 Qty
A. Saw Base Unit (Not Shown) ...................... 1
B. Large Extension Wing ................................ 1
C. Small Extension Wing ................................ 1
D. Support Leg................................................ 1


Figure 11. Extension table components.
E. Rip Fence Round Rail w/M12 Studs,
Washers, and Nuts................................... 1
F. Square Tube w/Scale................................. 1
G. Rip Fence Body.......................................... 1
H. Rip Fence Lock Handle.............................. 1
I. Aluminium Rip Fence ................................. 1


Figure 12. Rip fence components.
J. Crosscut Table ............................................ 1
K. Crosscut Table Lock Plate ......................... 1
L. Adjustable Handles M10-1.5 ...................... 2
M. Crosscut Aluminium Fence ........................ 1


Figure 13. Crosscut table components.
N. Blade Guard/Dust Hood ............................ 1
O. Adjustable Handle M8-1.25 x $28 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ 1 ~$
P. Riving Knife ................................................ 1


Figure 14. Blade guard components.
Q. Edge Shoe.................................................. 1
R. Hold Down

1


Figure 15. Included accessories.
Crate 2 ..... Qty
S. Sliding Table (Not Shown) ..... 1
Hardware and Tools

- Hex Bolt M10-1.5 x 45 ..... 1
- Hex Nuts M6-1.0 ..... 3
- Cap Screws M8-1.25 x 30 ..... 4
- Cap Screws M6-1.0 x 20 ..... 5
- Set Screws M8-1.25 x 20 ..... 2
- Flat Washer 10 mm ..... 3
- Flat Washers 8 mm ..... 5
- Flat Washers 6 mm ..... 3
- Lock Washers 8 mm ..... 4
- Lock Washer 10mm ..... 1
- Flip Stops ..... 2
- Push Handle M14-2 x 16 w/T-Nut ..... 1
- Lock Knobs M10-1.5 ..... 2
- T-Hex Wrenches 6, 5, 4mm ..... 1 Ea
- Hex Wrenches 6, 3, 2mm ..... 1 Ea
- Open End Wrenches 10/12, 14/17, 22/24mm ..... 1 Ea
- Combo Wrenches $13,19 \mathrm{~mm}$ ..... 1 Ea
- Push Stick ..... 1

In the event that any nonproprietary parts are missing (e.g. a nut or a washer), we would be glad to replace them, or for the sake of expediency, replacements can be obtained at your local hardware store.

## Hardware Recognition Chart



## Sliding Table

DO NOT use the sliding table until it is adjusted according to the instructions on Page 29. It will not produce accurate cuts until properly adjusted.

Components and Hardware Needed: Qty
Sliding Table. 1
Push Handle M14-2 x 16 w/T-Nut...................... 1

## To install the sliding table:

1. Remove the nuts and washers from the long bolts. DO NOT remove the nuts and washers from the shorter bolts.

2. Lift the sliding table onto the table saw as shown in Figure 16.

Note: The long bolts go through the circular holes and the short bolts go into the square holes.


Figure 16. Installing the sliding table.
3. Remove the cover plates shown in Figure 17 and remove the cover plate under the other end of the sliding table.


Figure 17. Removing cover plates.
4. Thread the washers and nuts removed in Step 1 onto the long bolts.
5. Slide the T-nut into the sliding table and thread in the handle as shown in Figure 18.


Figure 18. Sliding table handles.
6. The sliding table is unlocked when the table lock is in the position shown in Figure 18. Rotate the table lock $180^{\circ}$ to lock the sliding table.


## Extension Tables

Components and Hardware Needed: ..... Qty
Large Extension Wing ..... 1
Small Extension Wing .....  .1
Support Leg ..... 1
Hex Bolt M10-1.5 x 45 ..... 1
Flat Washer 10mm ..... 1
Lock Washer 10mm ..... 1
Cap Screws M8-1.25 x 30 ..... 4
Set Screws M8-1.25 x 20 ..... 2
Lock Washers 8 mm ..... 4
Flat Washers 8 mm ..... 4

## To install the extension tables:

1. Thread the set screws into the lower holes in the small extension table. Make sure the set screws do not stick out from the mating surface.

Note: Do not completely tighten the bolts in the following steps until the tables are leveled.
2. Attach the small extension table with two M8$1.25 \times 30$ cap screws, lock washers, and flat washers as shown in Figure 19.

Note: Get assistance positioning the tables and holding them in place while installing.


Figure 19. Small extension table attachment.
3. Attach the large extension table with the remaining M8-1.25 x 30 cap screws, lock washers, and flat washers.
4. Attach the support leg (Figure 20) to the table with the M10-1.5 x 45 hex bolt, a lock washer, and a flat washer.


Figure 20. Support leg installation.
5. Check the table surfaces with a straightedge as shown in Figure 21.


Figure 21. Checking with a straightedge.
6. Adjust the set screws under the small extension table to align the surface with the main table surface.
7. Use the hex bolt in the support leg to level the surface of the large extension table.
8. Tighten all of the cap screws securing the tables.


## Rip Fence and Scale

Components and Hardware Needed: ..... Qty
Aluminium Rip Fence ..... 1
Rip Fence Round Rail ..... 1
Rip Fence Body ..... 1
Rip Fence Lock Handle ..... 1
Square Tube w/Scale ..... 1
Flat Washers 6 mm ..... 3
Hex Nuts M6-1 .....  3
Cap Screws M6-1 x 20 ..... 5

## To install the rip fence:

1. Remove a hex nut and a flat washer from each of the studs in the round rail.
2. Insert the studs into the table as shown in Figure 22, and loosely secure with the hex nuts and a flat washers removed in Step 1.


Figure 22. Installing the round rail.
3. Align the square tube $w /$ scale parallel with the top of the table and secure with the cap screws (see Figure 23). Secure the cap screws in the extension table with M6-1 hex nuts and flat washers.


Figure 23. Attaching the scale.
4. Thread the rip fence lock handle into the rip fence body.
5. Remove the stop screw from the left end of the rip fence round rail, slide the rip fence body onto the rail and move it all the way to the left.
6. Adjust the nut shown in Figure 24 until the teeth of the pinion gear on the underside of the rip fence mesh with the teeth on the square tube. Tighten the hex nut inside the lip of the table to secure the stud.


Figure 24. Aligning the round rail.
7. Slide the aluminum rip fence all the way onto the clamping plate (Figure 25) and secure it by rotating the locking handle on top of the rip fence body.


Figure 25. Installing the rip fence.
10. Rotate the adjusting nut of the stud on the far right until the rip fence is parallel with the edge of the table as shown in Figure 26. Tighten the nut inside the lip of the table to secure the stud, then tighten the outside nut against the adjusting nut.

Note: Leave the center studs loose until the adjustment are complete.


Figure 26. Aligning the fence with the edge of the stationary table.
11. Replace the stop screw into the round rail.
12. Slide the rip fence along the rail and make sure the gap between the rip fence body and the table is equal along the entire distance.
13. Adjust the height of the rip fence rail, then tighten all of the nuts securing the rail against the table (see Figure 27) and tighten the outside nuts against the adjusting nuts.


Figure 27. Rip fence rail adjustment nuts.
14. Check if the bottom of the rip fence rests on the surface of the table.
-If the rip fence does not rest on the table, then the fence is correctly adjusted.
-If the rip fence does rest on the table, loosen the hex nut shown in Figure 28 and rotate the hex bolt to raise the roller. Tighten the hex nut to lock the height.

Note: The rip fence will scratch the table surface if the ride height is not adjusted correctly.


Figure 28. Rip fence height adjustment.


## Main Blade

Components and Hardware Needed: Qty
Blade 12" (Not Included) .. 1
Riving Knife .1

## To install the blade:

1. Move the blade tilt to $0^{\circ}$ (blade $90^{\circ}$ to table) and raise the main blade arbor.
2. Open the cabinet and remove the foam shipping block and the motor support bracket.
3. Slide the table all the way forward to access the blade arbor, loosen the cap screw securing the lower blade guard, slide the cap screw up, and pull open the lower blade guard (see Figure 29).


Figure 29. Main blade arbor components.
4. Place a hex wrench in the hole in the arbor to prevent the arbor from rotating, then use the arbor wrench to remove the arbor nut and arbor flange.

Note: The arbor nut has left hand threads and loosens by turning clockwise.
5. Slide the blade onto the arbor with the teeth facing the front of the saw (see Figure 30).

Note: Wear gloves to protect your hands when installing or removing blades.


Figure 30. Installing the main blade.
6. Re-install the arbor flange and the arbor nut and tighten them against the blade as shown in Figure 30.
7. Loosen the riving knife center bolt, slide the riving knife between the plates as shown in Figure 31, and slightly tighten.


Figure 31. Installing the riving knife.
8. Position the riving knife about 3 mm or $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ away from the nearest carbide tooth on the main blade.

Note: For a quick gauge, use the 3mm hex wrench to find the correct spacing between the blade and the riving knife, as shown in Figure 32.


Figure 32. Adjusting the riving knife.
9. Tighten the center bolt to secure the riving knife in position.


## Scoring Blade

Most scoring blade sets consists of an inner and outer blade and internal shims. The shims are provided so the scoring blade set can match the kerf thickness of the main blade. The requirements for the G0588/G0591 scoring blade are a diameter of 80 mm with a 20 mm arbor hole.

Components and Hardware Needed: Qty
Scoring Blade (Not Included) ............................ 1

## To install the scoring blade:

1. Move the blade tilt to $0^{\circ}$ (blade $90^{\circ}$ to table) and lower the main blade all the way down.
2. Slide the table all the way forward to access the blade arbor, loosen the cap screw securing the lower blade guard, slide the cap screw up, and pull open the lower blade guard.
3. Measure the thickness of the main blade. Use the shims (Figure 33) to stack the scoring blade to the same thickness as the main blade.


Figure 33. Scoring blade with shims.
4. Install the blade set with the teeth facing the back of the saw, and re-install the arbor flange and the arbor nut.
5. Place a hex wrench in the hole in the arbor and use the arbor wrench to tighten the arbor nut as shown in Figure 34.

Note: The arbor nut has right-hand threads and tightens by turning clockwise.


Figure 34. Installing the scoring blade.
6. Move the lower blade guard back into its original position and lock it in place with the cap screw.

## Aligning Blades

The scoring blade must be aligned with the main blade to ensure satisfactory cutting results.

## To align the blades and riving knife:

1. Move the blade tilt to $0^{\circ}$ (blade $90^{\circ}$ to table), and raise the main blade all the way up.
2. Unlock the scoring blade adjustment using a hex wrench in the adjustment lock socket (Figure 35) and raise the blade to its highest point using a hex wrench in the vertical adjustment socket.


Figure 35. Scoring blade adjustment controls.
3. Remove the stop screw from the round rail and move the rip fence against the blade as shown in Figure 36.


Figure 36. Fence against blade as a guide for aligning the scoring blade.
4. Use the adjustment controls to move the scoring blade so that the rip fence can touch both the scoring blade and the main blade and lower the scoring blade to $2 \mathrm{~mm}(5 / 64$ ").
5. Align the riving knife with the center of the main blade as described on this page.
6. Replace the stop screw, lock the adjustments, perform a test cut, then make any final adjustments if necessary.


## Riving Knife Alignment

To adjust the riving knife:

1. Disconnect the saw from the power source!
2. Move the blade tilt to $0^{\circ}$ (blade $90^{\circ}$ to table), and raise the main blade all the way up.
3. Check both sides of the blade with a straightedge touching the teeth as shown in Figure 37.
-If the straightedge touches the riving knife evenly on both sides, go to Step 4.
-If the straightedge only touches the riving knife on one side, go to Step 5.


Figure 37. Checking riving knife alignment.
4. Place a machinist's square flat on the table and slide it against the riving knife as shown in Figure 38.
-If the square lies flat against the riving knife, the riving knife is correctly adjusted.
-If there is a gap between the square and the riving knife, go to Step 6.


Figure 38. Checking vertical alignment.
5. Slide the table all the way forward to access the blade arbor, loosen the cap screw securing the lower blade guard, slide the cap screw up, and pull open the lower blade guard.
6. Loosen the riving knife center bolt and remove the riving knife.
7. Use the set screws shown in Figure 39 to adjust the riving knife bracket and re-install the riving knife.


Figure 39. Set screws for adjusting riving knife.
8. Repeat Steps $3-7$ until the riving knife is centered on the blade and aligned at $90^{\circ}$ to the table.
9. Position the riving knife about 3 mm or $1 / 8{ }^{1}$ away from the nearest carbide tooth on the main blade.

Note: For a quick gauge, use the $3 m m$ hex wrench to find the correct spacing between the blade and the riving knife, as shown in Figure 40.


Figure 40. Aligning the riving knife.
10. Tighten the center bolt to secure the riving knife in position.
11. Move the lower blade guard back to its original position, and move the sliding table back to center.


## Sliding Table Parallelism

## To adjust the sliding table parallel with the main blade:

1. Move the blade tilt to $0^{\circ}$ (blade $90^{\circ}$ to table), and raise the main blade as high as it will go.
2. Finger tighten the nut securing the center of the sliding table.
3. Make a mark near the edge of the blade with a felt tip pen. This will allow you to take your measurements from the exact same place on the blade.
4. Using an adjustable square or a dial indicator, measure the distance (A) between the miter slot and the front of the blade as shown in Figure 41.

Note: Using a dial indicator will provide the most accurate results.


Figure 41. Measuring gap between the table and the blade.
5. Rotate the blade $180^{\circ}$ and slide the table with the measuring device to position B .
6. Measure the difference between the two positions (use the feeler gauge if using the adjustable square). Make note of the difference between the two measurements on a piece of paper.
—If the difference was less than 0.004 " then the blade parallelism is correct.
-If the difference was greater than 0.004", then the sliding table needs to be adjusted. Continue with the next step.
7. Push the end of the table that is closer to the blade out half the distance noted in Step 6.
8. Repeat Steps 4-7 until the gap between the blade and the sliding table is equal.
9. Tighten the table mounting nuts to secure the sliding table and replace the access plates.


## Crosscut Table

## Components and Hardware Needed: Qty

Crosscut Table .................................................... 1
Crosscut Table Lock Plate.................................. 1
Adjustable Handles M10-1.5............................... 1
Flat Washers 10 mm ............................................ 2

## To install the crosscut table:

1. Thread the adjustable handles, with 10 mm flat washers, two or three turns onto the studs in the lock plate.
2. Slide the lock plate into the T-slot in the side of the sliding table.
3. With the help of an assistant, place the crosscut table on the pivot pin of the swing arm and over the studs of the lock plate (see Figure 42).


Figure 42. Installing the crosscut table.
4. Insert the indexing blocks into the T-slot and lock the crosscut table in place with the adjust levers.

$\qquad$

## Crosscut Fence

Components and Hardware Needed: Qty
Crosscut Aluminium Fence ..... 1
Lock Knobs M10-1.5 ..... 2
Flip Stops ..... 2

## To install the crosscut fence:

1. Insert the T-bolts in the places indicated in Figure 43.


Figure 43. Crosscut fence placement.
2. Place a framing square along the edge of the sliding table and use the crosscut fence adjustment screw (Figure 44) to align the fence perpendicular to the sliding table.

Note: Follow the instructions on Page 48 to make the fence perfectly perpendicular.


Figure 44. Crosscut fence adjustment screw.
3. Thread the knobs onto the T-bolts to secure the crosscut fence.
4. Unlock the fence extension and slide the flip stops into the fence as shown in Figure 45.


Figure 45. Stop block installation.


## Fence Scale Alignment

Before operation, align the 0" mark on the rip fence scale with the right side of the blade to ensure accurate measurements.

## To align the fence scale with the blade:

1. Move the blade tilt to $0^{\circ}$ (blade $90^{\circ}$ to table), and raise the main blade all the way up.
2. Remove the stop screw from the round rail and move the rip fence against the blade.
3. Loosen the cap screws securing the scale.
4. Slide the fence scale to line up the first mark on the scale with the left edge of the rip fence and tighten the cap screws.
5. Slide the fence away from the blade and replace the stop screw.


## Dust Collection

Components and Hardware Needed: Qty
Blade Guard/Dust Hood ..................................... 1
Flat Washer 8mm ............................................... 1
Adjustable Handle M8-1.25 x $28 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ 1 ~$
5" Dust Hose (not included) ................................ 1
5" Hose Clamp (not included) ............................ 2
2½" Dust Hose (not included) ............................ 1
2½" Hose Clamp (not included) ......................... 2
Dust Collection System (not included) ............... 1
To connect the dust ports to a dust collector:

1. Run a 5 " hose from the dust collector to the dust port located under the saw table (Figure 46) and secure it with hose clamps.


Figure 46. Dust port locations.
2. Install the blade guard/dust hood on the riving knife with the adjustable handle and flat washer as shown in Figure 46.
3. Run a $2 \frac{1}{2}$ " hose from the dust collector to the blade guard port (Figure 46) and secure it with hose clamps.

## Power Cord

## Test Run

Now that the machine is connected to the power source, it is important to perform a test run to make sure all the controls are working properly.

## AWARNING

Before starting the saw, make sure you have performed the preceding assembly and adjustment instructions, and you have read through the rest of the manual and are familiar with the various functions and safety issues associated with this machine. Failure to follow this warning could result in serious personal injury or even death!

To test run the saw:

1. Put on safety glasses and make sure any bystanders are out of the way and also wearing safety glasses.
2. Rotate both of the red EMERGENCY STOP buttons until they spring up.
3. Press the ON button.
-If any problems occur, press the EMERGENCY STOP button.
-For Model G0588 only; If the main blade is rotating in a counterclockwise direction, disconnect the saw from power and exchange wires R \& T in the terminal box.
-Investigate and correct the problem before operating the machine further. If you need help, refer to the Troubleshooting section in the back of this manual or contact Tech Support at (570) 546-9663. wired directly to the motor. The other wires connect to the transformer and must be consistent to prevent damage.
4. Shut off the main power at the power source circuit breaker and install the cord to the disconnect switch or plug.


## SECTION 4: OPERATIONS

## Operation Safety

## $\triangle$ AWARNING

Damage to your eyes, lungs, and ears could result from using this machine without proper protective gear. Always wear safety glasses, a respirator, and hearing protection when operating this machine.


AWARNING
Loose hair and clothing could get caught in machinery and cause serious personal injury. Keep loose clothing and long hair away from moving machinery.

## NOTICE

If you have never used this type of machine or equipment before, WE STRONGLY RECOMMEND that you read books, trade magazines, or get formal training before beginning any projects. Regardless of the content in this section, Grizzly Industrial will not be held liable for accidents caused by lack of training.

## Operation Tips

Your safety is important. The tips below are intended to supplement SECTION 1: SAFETY. But remember, no safety list can be comprehensive of every situation. The operator is ultimately responsible for their own safety, as well as the safety of bystanders. Every cutting operation is uniquely different and may require safety equipment or safety procedures not mentioned in this manual.

Please follow these tips EVERY time you use your saw:

- Stand to the left of the blade line-of-cut when performing a cutting operation.
- Turn OFF the saw and allow the blade to come to a complete stop before removing the cut-off piece.
- Make sure that the riving knife is always aligned with the main blade before cutting!
- Always position the blade guard to the correct height above the workpiece.
- Carefully plan each cutting operation to avoid injuries.
- When you release the sliding table lock, make sure that the knob is positioned so that it will not lock the table during a cut.



## Changing Blades

The Model G0588/G0591 will perform best when high quality, sharp blades are used. Therefore, whenever the blades start to get dull, we recommend that you have them resharpened or replaced with a new blade.

## To change the blades:

## 1. Disconnect the saw from the power

 source!2. Move the blade tilt to $0^{\circ}$ (blade $90^{\circ}$ to table) and raise the main blade as high as it will go.
3. Slide the table all the way forward to access the blade arbor, loosen the cap screw securing the lower blade guard, slide the cap screw up, and pull open the lower blade guard shown in Figure 48.


Figure 48. Internal blade guard exposed.
4. Place a hex wrench in the hole in the arbor of the blade you wish to change to prevent the arbor from rotating, then use the arbor wrench to remove the arbor nut and flange.

Note: The arbor nut on the main blade has left hand threads and loosens by turning clockwise. The arbor nut on the scoring blade has right hand threads and loosens by turning counterclockwise.
5. When replacing the scoring blade, measure the main blade and stack the scoring blade with shims to match the thickness of the main blade.
6. Install the main blade with the teeth facing the front of the saw, and install the scoring blade with the teeth facing back.
7. Re-install the arbor flange and the arbor nut and tighten them against the blade as shown in Figure 49.

Note: Wear gloves to protect your hands when installing or removing blades.


Figure 49. Replacing the main blade.
8. Position the riving knife about 3 mm or $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ away from the nearest carbide tooth on the main blade.

Note: For a quick gauge, use the 3mm hex wrench to find the correct spacing between the blade and the riving knife.
9. Align the scoring blade set to the main blade as described in the Aligning Blade and Riving Knife Alignment instructions on Page 27.
10. Align the riving knife with the blades as instructed on Page 27.
11. Move the lower blade guard back into its original position and lock it in place with the cap screw.

## Rip Cutting

The Model G0588/G0591 easily rips full size panels (Figure 50). The sliding table removes the burden of sliding a large and heavy panel over a stationary table surface.

This saw also can rip cut smaller boards using the machine as a traditional table saw (Figure 51). Smaller, lighter boards are easier to slide across the stationary cast iron table surface to the right of the saw blade.


Figure 50. Rip cutting with the sliding table.


Figure 51. Traditional rip cutting.

## Rip cutting with the sliding table:

1. Install the crosscut fence, align the fence to $90^{\circ}$, and adjust it as instructed on Page 48.
2. Slide the protection block on the end of the crosscut fence against the blade teeth to calibrate the scale, then tighten the lock knob.

Note: The scale will not be accurate if the protection block has been cut.
3. Set a flip stop to the desired width-of-cut.
4. Position the blade guard to the correct height for your workpiece.
5. Load the workpiece onto the table saw. The set up should look similar to Figure 50.
6. When ripping irregular shaped stock, wedge the leading edge under the edge shoe (Figure 52), slide the hold down into place as shown in Figure 52, and clamp the stock firmly.

Note: DO NOT use the edge shoe for ripping warped or twisted boards. The tension that causes warps and twists can cause the board to spring free from the edge shoe and hold down during a cut.


Figure 52. Edge shoe and hold down placement.
6. Take all the necessary safety precautions, then perform the cutting operation.

## Rip cutting using traditional table saw techniques:

1. Remove the crosscut fence.
2. Use the table lock (Figure 53) to lock the sliding table into a stationary position.


Figure 53. Sliding table lock.
3. Place the rip fence in the vertical position for larger workpieces or in the horizontal position for angled cuts and for thin workpieces (see Figure 54).


Figure 54. Rip fence positions.
4. Lift the lock lever and position the rip fence to approximately the desired width-of-cut.
5. Slide the leading end of the rip fence so it is even with the center of the main saw blade as shown in Figure 55.

Note: This technique allows the finished cutoff piece to "fall" away from the blade when the cutting operation is complete; reducing the possibility of kickback.


Figure 55. Rip fence even with center of blade (blade guard removed for clarity).
6. Push down on the rip fence micro-adjust knob (Figure 56) and turn it to adjust the width-of-cut.


Figure 56. Rip fence micro-adjusting controls.
7. Push down the lock lever, then perform the cutting operation.

## Crosscutting

The Model G0588/G0591 can crosscut full size panels with the fence in the forward or rear position, although it is easier to load full size panels with the crosscut fence mounted in the forward position (see Figure 57).


Figure 57. Crosscutting full size panel.

Mounting the crosscut fence in the rear position (Figure 58) gives greater stability for crosscutting smaller panels.


Figure 58. Crosscutting smaller panels.

Lastly, this machine has the capability of crosscutting workpieces while using the rip fence as a cut-off gauge (Figure 59).


Figure 59. Crosscutting workpieces using the rip fence as a cut-off gauge.

Determine which cutting operation will be best suited for the workpiece to be crosscut.
-If you will be crosscutting full size panels, then skip ahead to "Crosscutting full size panels."
-If you will be crosscutting smaller panels, then skip ahead to "Crosscutting smaller panels."
-If you will be crosscutting workpieces using the rip fence as a cut-off gauge, then skip ahead to "Crosscutting using the rip fence as a cut-off gauge."

## Crosscutting full size panels:

1. Install the crosscut fence in the forward mounting points shown in Figure 60 and lock it in place.


Figure 60. Crosscut fence mounting points.
2. Check to make sure the fence is at $90^{\circ}$ and adjust it as described in Squaring Crosscut Fence to Blade on Page 48 if necessary.
3. Set either flip stop to the desired width-ofcut.
4. Load the workpiece onto the table saw. The set up should look similar to Figure 57.
5. Once all the necessary safety precautions have been taken, perform the cutting operation.

## Crosscutting smaller panels:

1. Install the crosscut fence in the rear mounting points shown in Figure 60 and lock it in place.
2. Check to make sure the fence is at $90^{\circ}$ and adjust it as described in Squaring Crosscut Fence to Blade on Page 48 if necessary.
3. Set either flip stop to the desired width-ofcut.
4. Load the workpiece onto the table saw. The set up should look similar to Figure 58.
5. Once all the necessary safety precautions have been taken, perform the cutting operation.

## Crosscutting using the rip fence as a cut-off gauge:

1. Install the crosscut fence in the rear mounting points shown in Figure 60 and lock it in place.
2. Check to make sure the fence is at $90^{\circ}$ and adjust it as described in Squaring Crosscut Fence to Blade on Page 48 if necessary.
3. Position the rip fence for the desired width.
4. Load the workpiece onto the table saw. The set up should look similar to Figure 59.
5. Slide the leading end of the rip fence behind the back edge of the blade as shown in Figure 61.


Figure 61. Correct rip fence position when using it as a cut-off gauge.
6. Take all the necessary safety precautions, then perform the cutting operation.


## Miter Cutting

The miter fence allows miter cuts from $0^{\circ}$ through $135^{\circ}$. The table mounted miter scale has a resolution of $1^{\circ}$.

## To perform a miter cut:

1. Slide the crosscut table to the front edge of the sliding table and lock it in place.
2. Install the fence as shown in Figure 62 for $90^{\circ}$ to $135^{\circ}$ cuts, or as shown in Figure 64 for $0^{\circ}$ to $90^{\circ}$ cuts.


Figure 62. Fence set-up for $90^{\circ}$ to $135^{\circ}$ cuts.
3. Set the fence to the desired angle using the crosscut table angle gauge and lock the angle with the lock knob (see Figure 63).

Figure 63. Crosscut table angle gauge.

4. Position the flip stop according to the length of the workpiece you want to cut off to the left of the blade.
5. Load the workpiece onto the table saw. The set up should look similar to Figure 64.


Figure 64. Example of miter cutting operation.
6. Once all the necessary safety precautions have been taken, perform the cutting operation.


## SECTION 5: ACCESSORIES

## G7895-Citrus Degreaser

This citrus based degreaser is perfect for cleaning cosmoline off of new equipment. It also works for cleaning auto parts, tools, concrete, and porcelain surfaces. Natural, safe for the environment, and contains no CFC's.


Figure 65. G7895 Citrus Degreaser.

## G1955-OxiSolv ${ }^{\circledR}$ Blade \& Bit Cleaner

Used to clean the gummy pitch and residue from saw blades and router bits, this high quality cleaner will make blades and bits last longer while improving cutting action.


Figure 66. G1955 OxiSolv ${ }^{\circledR}$.

## G5562—SLIPIT® 1 Qt. Gel

G5563-SLIPIT ${ }^{\oplus} 12$ oz Spray
Used on cast iron table surfaces and other unpainted metal surfaces to reduce sliding friction and hangups. This product also reduces rust and prevents resin build-up.


Figure 67. G5562 \& G5563 SLIPIT.

## G2871—Boeshield ${ }^{\circledR}$ T-9 12 oz Spray G2870—Boeshield ${ }^{\circledR}$ T-9 4 oz Spray

This ozone friendly protective spray penetrates deep and really holds up against corrosive environments. Lubricates metals for months and is safe for use on most paints, plastics, and vinyls.


Figure 68. Boeshield ${ }^{\circledR}$ T-9 spray.
Call Ic800-523-47TM To Order

G7984—Face Shield
H1298-Dust Sealed Safety Glasses
H1300-UV Blocking, Clear Safety Glasses
H2347-Uvex ${ }^{\circledR}$ Spitfire Safety Glasses
H0736-Shop Fox ${ }^{\circledR}$ Safety Glasses
Safety Glasses are essential to every shop. If you already have a pair, buy extras for visitors or employees. You can't be too careful when it comes to shop safety!


Figure 69. Our most popular safety glasses.
H2499-Small Half-Mask Respirator
H3631-Medium Half-Mask Respirator
H3632-Large Half-Mask Respirator H3635-Disposable Cartridge Filter Pair P100
Wood dust is now considered a known carcinogen and has been linked to nasal cancer and severe respiratory illnesses. If you work around dust everyday, a half-mask respirator can be a lifesaver. Also compatible with safety glasses!


Figure 70. Half-mask respirator and disposable cartridge filters.

Carbide-Tipped Saw Blades (ATB)
G4808-12" Ripping, 40T
G4809-12" General Purpose, 60T
G4810-12" Fine Finishing/Cabinet Work, 80T
These ATB blades are manufactured to close tolerances and are fully balanced before leaving the factory. All the carbide-tipped teeth are precisely ground to give a smooth cut every time. The pattern of the teeth is alternate top bevel and the saw kerf is approx. ${ }^{1 / 8} 8^{\prime \prime}$. These blades have proven themselves in thousands of cabinet shops around the country. Manufactured for heavy-duty use.


Figure 71. Carbide-tipped saw blades.

## H6460-12 Tooth Scoring Blade Set

The scoring blade set consists of an inner and outer blade and four internal shims. Two shims are $0.008^{\prime \prime}$ thick and two are 0.004 ". The shims are provided so the scoring blade set can match the kerf thickness of the main blade.


Figure 72. H6460 Scoring Blade Set.

## H3308-SHOP FOX ${ }^{\circledR}$ Push Stick

Measuring $131 / 2$ " overall, this push stick allows the operator to keep their hands at a safe distance away from the blade or cutter.


Figure 73. H3308 SHOP FOX ${ }^{\circledR}$ Push Stick.

## G3445-Precision Saw Tool

This high impact plastic Saw Aid ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ quickly measures blade height and angle and can also serve as a solid push stick. Includes a graduated ruler guide and center finder.


Figure 74. G3445 Precision Saw Tool.

H3771—Blade Loc ${ }^{\circledR}$
This simple tool secures the blade during blade changes, keeping your hands safe and your expensive blade from being damaged.


Figure 75. H3771 Blade Loc ${ }^{\circledR}$.

## G7581—Superbar ${ }^{T M}$

G7582-Master Plate
The miter slot mounted Superbar ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ will align, tune and calibrate your tablesaw to within $\pm 0.001$ in just minutes. Replace your tablesaw blade when calibrating the double disk ground Master Plate for a precision measurement, with no runout!


Figure 76. Superbar ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ and Master Plate.

## 



## SECTION 6: MAINTENANCE



## Schedule

For optimum performance from your machine, follow this maintenance schedule and refer to any specific instructions given in this section.

## Daily Check:

- Loose mounting bolts.
- Worn or damaged saw blade.
- Worn or damaged switches or wires.
- Any other unsafe condition.


## Weekly Maintenance:

- Clean sliding table surface and grooves.
- Clean the cast iron saw table.
- Clean the sliding table roller guideways.
- Clean the rip fence and sliding grooves.
- Clean the rip fence bracket.


## Monthly Check:

- Clean/vacuum dust buildup from inside cabinet and off motor.
- V-belt tension, damage, or wear.

Note: Adjust V-belt tension after the initial 10 hours of operation.


## Lubrication

The bearings are sealed and pre-lubricated and require no lubrication during their usable life. However, your saw components will operate at their best if the bearing surfaces are kept clean-this is especially important for the trunnion bearings.

Lubricate the areas indicated below every 6-12 months, depending on frequency of use.

1. Blade angling pivots. These should be lubricated with 6 or 7 drops of light machine oil (see Figure 77).


Figure 77. Blade angling trunnions.
2. Sliding table ways. Spray or wipe on a light machine oil or lubricant such as Boeshield $\mathrm{T} 9^{\circledR}$ the entire length of the steel rods (see Figure 78).


Figure 78. Sliding table ways.

## SECTION 7: SERVICE



## About Service

This section is designed to help the operator with adjustments that were made at the factory and that might also need to be made during the life of the machine.

This section is provided for your convenienceit is not a substitute for the Grizzly Service Department. If any adjustments arise that are not described in this manual, then feel free to call the Grizzly Service Department at (570) 546-9663.

Similarly, if you are unsure of how to perform any procedure in this section, the Grizzly Service Department will be happy to guide you through the procedures or help in any other way.


## Replacing Belts

To ensure optimum power transmission from the motor to the blades, the belts must be in good condition (free from cracks, fraying and wear) and operate under proper tension.

## To change the main blade arbor V-belt:

1. Disconnect the saw from the power source!
2. Move the blade tilt to $45^{\circ}$, lower the main blade all the way down, and open the motor cabinet door.
3. Loosen the belt tension bolt (Figure 80) and pivot the motor up.


Figure 80. V-belt tension bolt.
4. Remove the screws that secure the lower blade guard (Figure 81) and set the guard in the bottom of the cabinet.


Figure 81. Lower blade guard removal.
5. Remove the old V-belt set and replace them with a new V-belt set.

Note: The motor V-belts should always be replaced as a matched set to ensure maximum belt longevity and power transmission.
6. Tighten the tension bolt until the belts deflect between a $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ and a $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ when pressed firmly in the center of each V-belt.
7. Replace the lower blade guard.
8. Close and secure the motor cabinet door.

Note: Re-tension the new $V$-belts after the initial 10 hours of use.

## To change the scoring blade arbor flat belt:

1. Disconnect the saw from the power source!
2. Move the blade tilt to $45^{\circ}$, raise the main blade all the way up, and open the motor cabinet door.
3. Rotate the belt tension arm shown in Figure 82 and slide the flat belt off of the roller.


Figure 82. Scoring blade belt tension arm.
4. Remove the old flat belt and replace it with a new flat belt.
5. Close and secure the motor cabinet door.
$\qquad$

## Blade Tilt

The blade tilt is calibrated at the factory, but can be adjusted if it changes during the life of the machine.

## To calibrate the blade tilt:

1. Disconnect the saw from the power source!
2. Move the blade tilt to $90^{\circ}$ according to the gauge, and raise the main blade as high as it will go.
3. Place a machinist's square on the table surface and between the blade teeth. Inspect for gaps between the blade and the square.
4. If a gap exists at either the top or bottom of the square, loosen the set screw in the $90^{\circ}$ tilt stop nut shown in Figure 83.


Figure 83. Blade tilt stop nuts.
5. Turn the handwheel until the blade and square are flush from top to bottom.
6. Snug the $90^{\circ}$ tilt stop nut against the leadscrew nut and tighten the set screw.
7. Recheck the blade with the square to ensure the nut has not been over-tightened.
8. Adjust the blade angle until you hit the $45^{\circ}$ positive stop. Check the bevel with an adjustable square set to $45^{\circ}$.
9. If variations exist, loosen the set screw in the $45^{\circ}$ tilt stop nut (Figure 83) and adjust the stop nut until the blade and square match.
10. Tighten the set screw and recheck the bevel by adjusting the blade back to $90^{\circ}$, then back to $45^{\circ}$.
11. Check the scale for accuracy at $45^{\circ}$ and $90^{\circ}$.
-If the scale reads $45^{\circ}$ when the blade is at $45^{\circ}$ and $0^{\circ}$ when the blade is at $90^{\circ}$ to the table, it is accurate.
-If the scale reading does not match the blade angle, perform the adjustments in Step 12.
12. Loosen the lock nut called out in Figure 84 and rotate the barrel nut until the scale matches the blade angle.


Figure 84. Scale adjustment nuts.
13. Tighten the lock nut and recheck the scale at $90^{\circ}$ and $45^{\circ}$.


## Squaring Crosscut Fence to Blade

Squaring the crosscut fence to the blade ensures that cuts made with the crosscut fence will be square. This procedure can be done by using a piece of scrap plywood as a test piece and making five test cuts, then adjusting the fence as necessary.

To square the crosscut fence with the blade:

1. Make sure the blade is parallel with the sliding table.
2. Prepare the scrap test piece by numbering all four sides as shown in Figure 85.


Figure 85. Fence adjustment test piece.
3. Use the crosscut fence to cut $1 / 22^{\prime \prime}$ off of each side of the test piece, then cut side 1 again (make 5 cuts total).
4. Measure the test piece diagonally from cor-ner-to-corner as shown in Figure 85.
-If both measurements are not within $1 / 16^{1 "}$, then the crosscut fence needs to be adjusted. Proceed to Step 6.

- If both measurements are within $1 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ then you are finished with this procedure.

5. Loosen the hex nut shown in Figure 86 and rotate the hex bolt to square the crosscut fence.


Figure 86. Crosscut fence adjustment cam.
6. Tighten the hex nut and repeat Steps 3-6.


## Electrical



Figure 87. G0591 single phase magnetic switch.


Figure 88. G0588 3-phase magnetic switch.


Figure 89. G0591 single phase wiring diagram.


Figure 90. G0588 3-phase wiring diagram.

## Troubleshooting

| Symptom | Possible Cause | Possible Solution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Motor will not start, or it growls on start up. | 1. Emergency stop button is depressed. <br> 2. Power supply fuse or circuit breaker has tripped. <br> 3. Thermal overload has tripped. <br> 4. Toggle switch is broken inside. <br> 5. Start capacitor is at fault. <br> 6. Motor fan cover is dented, stopping the fan from being able to spin. <br> 7. Motor is at fault. | 1. Rotate the button clockwise and allow it to pop out. <br> 2. Disconnect power, and inspect circuit for electrical shorts and repair. Replace circuit breaker if it is old or has tripped many times. <br> 3. Reset the thermal overload. <br> 4. Disconnect power, and use an ohmmeter to check switch terminals for continuity, and replace switch if required. <br> 5. Replace start capacitor. <br> 6. Replace motor fan cover (and fan, if damaged). <br> 7. Replace motor. |
| Motor fails to develop full power (output of motor decreases rapidly with decrease in voltage at motor terminals). | 1. Power line overloaded with lights, appliances, and other motors. <br> 2. Undersized wires or circuits too long. <br> 3. Blown capacitor. | 1. Reduce load on power line. <br> 2. Increase wire sizes or reduce length of the circuit. <br> 3. Replace the capacitor. |
| Motor overheats. | 1. Motor overloaded. <br> 2. Air circulation through the motor restricted. | 1. Reduce load on motor. <br> 2. Clean out motor to provide normal air circulation. |
| Motor stalls (resulting in blown fuses or tripped circuit). | 1. Short circuit in motor or loose connections. <br> 2. Low voltage. <br> 3. Incorrect fuses or circuit breakers in power line. <br> 4. Motor overloaded. | 1. Repair loose or shorted terminals, or worn insulation on motor. <br> 2. Correct the low voltage conditions. <br> 3. Install correct fuses or circuit breakers. <br> 4. Reduce load on motor. |
| Main blade runs backwards (Model G0588 only). | 1. Two of the power wires are reversed. | 1. Exchange wires R \& T in the terminal box. |
| Blade slows when cutting. Blade makes a squealing noise on startup. | 1. V-belt loose. <br> 2. V-belt worn out. | 1. Tighten V-belt (Page 45). <br> 2. Replace V-belt (Page 45). |


| ON |
| :--- |
| machine when perform- |
| ing any troubleshooting. |
| Failure to do this may <br> result in serious person- <br> al injury. |


| Symptom | Possible Cause | Possible Solution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loud repetitious noise coming from machine. | 1. Pulley setscrews or keys are missing or loose. <br> 2. Motor fan is hitting the cover. <br> 3. V-belts are defective or damaged. | 1. Inspect keys and setscrews. Replace or tighten if necessary. <br> 2. Adjust fan cover mounting position, tighten fan, or shim fan cover. <br> 3. Replace V-belts (Page 45). |
| Vibration when running or cutting. | 1. Loose or damaged blade. <br> 2. Worn arbor bearings. <br> 3. Worn or damaged belts. | 1. Tighten or replace blade. <br> 2. Check/replace arbor bearings. <br> 3. Replace belts. |
| Workpiece has burned edges, binds, or kicks back. | 1. Sliding table is not parallel to blade. <br> 2. Riving knife is not aligned with the blade. <br> 3. Blade is warped. | 1. Make sliding table parallel to the blade (Page 29). <br> 2. Shim the riving knife to align it with the main blade. <br> 3. Replace the blade. |
| Workpiece has chip out on the bottom edge. | 1. Scoring blade height is incorrect. <br> 2. Scoring blade is not aligned with the main blade. <br> 3. Scoring blade kerf does not match the main blade. | 1. Adjust the height of the scoring blade to 2 mm or $5 / 64$ ". <br> 2. Align the scoring blade (Page 27). <br> 3. Adjust the scoring blade kerf (Page 26). |
| Sliding table saw does not cut square. | 1. Sliding table is not parallel to blade. <br> 2. Rip fence is not parallel to blade. <br> 3. Crosscut fence is not perpendicular to the blade. | 1. Adjust the sliding table (Page 29). <br> 2. Adjust the rip fence (Page 23). <br> 3. Adjust the crosscut fence perpendicular to the blade (Page 48). |
| Fence hits table top when sliding across table. | 1. Front rail is too low. <br> 2. Rip fence roller is too low. | 1. Raise the rail (Page 23). <br> 2. Adjust the roller (Page 23). |
| Blade does not reach $90^{\circ}$, or blade does not reach $45^{\circ}$. | 1. Blade stop nuts are out of adjustment. | 1. Adjust the stop nuts (Page 47). |
| The rip fence scale is not accurate. | 1. The rip fence scale is out of calibration or was not set up correctly. | 1. Adjust the rip fence scale (Page 31). |
| Tilt or blade height handwheels difficult to turn. | 1. Lock knob is tight. <br> 2. Gears caked with dust. | 1. Release the lock knob. <br> 2. Clean out dust and grease the worm shafts. |



## SECTION 8: PARTS

## Main Body

| REF |
| :--- |
| 1 PART \# DESCRIPTION <br> 2 P0588001 BODY <br> 3 P0588002 TABLE <br> 4 PSB13M FLAT WASHER 8MM <br> 5 P0588005 CAP SCREW M8-1.25 X 30 <br> 6 P0588006 SWITCH PLATE <br> 7 PS06M PHLP HD SCR M5-.8 X 20 <br> 8 P0588008 MAG. SWITCH 220V-25A <br> 9 PSB01M CAP SCREW M6-1 X 16 <br> 10 P0588010 COVER PLATE <br> 11 P0588011 SCALE PLATE <br> 12 PSB02M CAP SCREW M6-1 X 20 <br> 13 P0588013 ADJUSTMENT BOLT COVER <br> 14 PSB26M CAP SCREW M6-1 X 12 <br> 15 P0588015 MOTOR COVER <br> 16 PSB49M CAP SCREW M6-1 X 60 <br> 78 PB137M HEX BOLT M14-2 X 30 <br> 81 PN32M HEX NUT M14-2 <br> 199 P05910199 MAG. SWITCH 440V-14A |


| REF |
| :--- |
| PART \# |
| $199-1$ P05910199-1 OVSCRIPTION <br> $199-2$ P05910199-2 MAGNETIC CONTACTOR <br> 202 P0588202 DUST SHIELD <br> 278 P0588278 SCALE DUST COVER <br> 307 P0588307 TERMINAL BOX <br> 308 P0588308 EMERGENCY BUTTON <br> 309 PLABEL-12 READ MANUAL 2"W X 3 5/16" <br> 310 P0588310 KICKBACK WARNING LABEL <br> 311 P0588311 DISCONNECT POWER LABEL <br> 312 PLABEL-11 SAFETY GLASSES 2" X 3 5/16" <br> 313 PLABEL-29 CUTTERHEAD GUARD LABEL <br> 314 P0588314 RAISING BLADE LABEL <br> 315 P0588315 TILTING BLADE LABEL <br> 316 P0588316 QUALIFIED PERSONNEL LABEL <br> 317 PLABEL-34 PREWIRED 220V LABEL <br> 318 P0588318 LOWER BLADE GUARD LABEL <br> 319 PLABEL-14 ELECTRICITY LABEL <br> 320 P0591320 G0591 ID LABEL <br> 321 P0588320 G0588 ID LABEL |



## Extension Tables

| REF |
| :--- |
| PART \# |
| 3 PW01M FLAT WASHER 8MM <br> 9 PSB02M CAP SCREW M6-1 X 20 <br> 17 P0588017 TABLE INSERT <br> 18 PFH07M FLAT HD SCR M5-.8 X 10 <br> 19 P0588019 EXTENSION WING (FRONT) <br> 20 PSB13M CAP SCREW M8-1.25 X 30 <br> 21 PSS16M SET SCREW M8-1.25 X 10 <br> 23 P0588023 EXTENSION WING (RIGHT) <br> 24 PB116M HEX BOLT M10-1.5 X 45 <br> 25 PW04M FLAT WASHER 10MM <br> 26 P0588026 EXTENSION WING SUPPORT <br> 27 PB138M HEX BOLT M16-2 X 100 <br> 28 PN13M HEX NUT M16-2 |


| REF |
| :--- |
| PART \# |
| 29 PN01M HEX NUT M6-1 <br> 30 PW03M FLAT WASHER 6MM <br> 31 P0588031 SCALE BASE <br> 32 P0588032 TUBE PLUG <br> 33 P0588033 SCALE <br> 36 P0588036 RACK <br> 37 PSB03M CAP SCREW M5-.8 X 8 <br> 38 P0588038 RAIL <br> 39 P0588039 STUD M12-1.75 X 120 <br> 40 PN09M HEX NUT M12-1.75 <br> 41 PW06M FLAT WASHER 12MM <br> 279 P0588279 FENCE RAIL PLUG 45 X 33 |



## Sliding Table

| REF |
| :--- |
| PART \# |
| 9 PSB01M CAP SCREW M6-1 X 16 <br> 42 P0588042 SLIDING TABLE <br> 43 P0588043 SLIDING TABLE END <br> 44 PSB01M CAP SCREW M6-1 X 16 <br> 45 P0588045 RUBBER PLATE <br> 46 PFH23M FLAT HD SCR M8-1.25 X 16 <br> 47 P0588047 GIB <br> 48 PB83M HEX BOLT M6-1 X 16 <br> 49 P0588049 STEEL RAILS <br> 50 P0588050 HANDLE <br> 51 P0588051 HANDLE COVER <br> 52 P0588052 STOP LEVER <br> 53 P0588053 SLEEVE <br> 54 P0588054 EXTENSION SPRING <br> 55 PN13M HEX NUT M16-2 <br> 56 P0588056 STOP PIN <br> 57 P0588057 HOLD DOWN BRACKET <br> 58 PR02M EXT. RETAINING RING 14MM <br> 59 PRP45M ROLL PIN 5 X 32 <br> 60 P0588060 COMPRESSION SPRING <br> 61 P0588061 CAM <br> 62 P0588062 HANDLE SHAFT <br> 63 P0588063 BALL HANDLE |


| REF |
| :--- |
| PART \# |
| 64 |
| 64 |
| 65 |
| 66 |
| 60588064 |
| P0588065 | HESCRIPTION



## Crosscut Table

| REF | PART \# | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21 | PSS16M | SET SCREW M8-1.25 X 10 |
| 22 | PN03M | HEX NUT M8-1.25 |
| 25 | PN02M | HEX NUT M10-1.5 |
| 29 | PN01M | HEX NUT M6-1 |
| 37 | PS05M | PHLP HD SCR M5-. $8 \times 8$ |
| 44 | PSB01M | CAP SCREW M6-1 X 16 |
| 82 | P0588082 | CROSSCUT TABLE |
| 83 | P0588083 | CROSSCUT TABLE ROLLER |
| 84 | P0588084 | SUPPORT ADJUSTMENT BLOCK |
| 85 | PSB04M | CAP SCREW M6-1 X 10 |
| 86 | PSS09M | SET SCREW M8-1.25 X 20 |
| 87 | P0588087 | SCALE LABEL (RIGHT) |
| 88 | P0588088 | SCALE LABEL (LEFT) |
| 89 | P0588089 | SLIDING SURFACE PLATE |
| 90 | P0588090 | CROSSCUT TABLE LOCK PLATE |
| 92 | P0588092 | ADJUST HANDLE M10-1.5 |
| 93 | P0588093 | SWING ARM |
| 94 | P0588094 | ROLLER |
| 94A | P0588094A | ECCENTRIC ROLLER |
| 95 | P6900 | BALL BEARING 6900 |
| 95A | P6901 | BALL BEARING 6901 |


| REF | PART \# | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 96 | P0588096 | ROTATE SHAFT |
| 96A | P0588096A | ECCENTRIC SHAFT |
| 97 | P0588097 | ROTATE ARBOR SUPPORT |
| 98 | P0588098 | MAGNET |
| 99 | P0588099 | MAGNET BASE |
| 100 | PFH30M | FLAT HD SCR M5-. $8 \times 8$ |
| 101 | P0588101 | NYLON SCREW M12-1.75 X 12 |
| 102 | P0588102 | SWING ARM END |
| 103 | P0588103 | BRUSH |
| 104 | PSB117M | BUTTON HD CAP SCR M5-. $8 \times 8$ |
| 105 | P0588105 | SWING ARM END |
| 106 | P0588106 | EXTENSION SWING ARM |
| 107 | P0588107 | SWING ARM ADJ SCR M20-2.5 |
| 108 | PN28M | HEX NUT M20-2.5 |
| 117 | PW01M | FLAT WASHER 8MM |
| 118 | PLN04M | LOCK NUT M8-1.25 |
| 188 | P0588188 | HEX BOLT M8-1.25 X 100 |
| 189 | P0588189 | STOP BLOCK |
| 240 | PSS02M | SET SCREW M6-1 X 6 |
| 262 | P6204 | BALL BEARING 6204ZZ |
| 265 | P0588265 | SWING ARM SHAFT |



## Crosscut Fence

| REF |
| :--- |
| PART \# |
| 29 PN01M HESCRIPTION <br> 109 P0588109 STOP PLATE <br> 110 P0588110 NYLON PAD <br> 111 P0588111 KNOB M6-1 X 35 <br> 114 P0588114 CLAMPING BASE <br> 115 P0588115 T-NUT M6-1 <br> 116 P0588116 CLAMPING ARBOR <br> 117 PW01M FLAT WASHER 8MM <br> 118 PLN04M LOCK NUT M8-1.25 <br> 119 A P0588119A SCALE (LONG) <br> 120 P0588120 CROSSCUT FENCE <br> 121 PSS04M SET SCREW M6-1 X 12 |


| REF |
| :--- |
| PART \# |
| 122 A P0588122A FRONT SUPPORT BLOCK <br> 123 P0588123 T-BOLT M10-1.5 <br> 124 P0588124 KNOB M10-1.5 <br> $125 A$ P0588125A LOCK T-BOLT M10-1.5 X 25 <br> $126 A$ P0588126A SCALE(SHORT) <br> 127 P0588127 CROSS CUTTING FENCE-SHORT <br> 128 P0588128 LOCK PLATE <br> 129 PSS29M SET SCREW M6-1 X 35 <br> 130 P0588130 CROSS FENCE SUPPORT PLATE <br> $138 A$ P0588138A STOP PLATE <br> 263 P0588263 SCALE TUBE |



Rip Fence

| REF |
| :--- |
| PART \# DESCRIPTION  <br> 28 PN13M HEX NUT M16-2 <br> 104 PSB117M BUTTON HD CAP SCR M5-.8 X 8 <br> $132 A$ P0588132A RIP FENCE BASE <br> 133 PR06M EXT. RETAINING RING 16MM <br> 134 P0588134 WARNING LABEL PLATE <br> 135 P0588135 RIVET <br> 136 PEC07M E-CLIP 7MM <br> 137 P0588137 HANDLE <br> 139 P0588139 COMPRESSION SPRING <br> 140 P0588140 KNOB M14-1.75 <br> 142 P0588142 HANDLE <br> 143 P0588143 ECCENTRIC |


| REF |
| :--- |
| PART \# |
| 144 P0588144 ROLLER <br> 145 PB33M HEX BOLT M12-1.75 X 50 <br> 146 PSB14M CAP SCREW M8-1.25 X 20 <br> 147 PB28M HEX BOLT M8-1.25 X 60 <br> 148 P0588148 RIP FENCE PLATE <br> 149 P0588149 LOCK BLOCK (LONG) <br> 150 P0588150 LOCK BLOCK (SHORT) <br> 151 P0588151 ECCENTRIC SHAFT <br> 152 P0588152 HOLD PLATE <br> $153 A$ P0588153A ECCENTRIC <br> 305 PN09M HEX NUT M12-1.75 <br> 306 PTLW12M EXT TOOTH WASHER 12MM |



## Tilt Assembly

| REF | PART \# | DESCRIPTION |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | PW01M | FLAT WASHER 8MM |
| 22 | PN03M | HEX NUT M8-1.25 |
| 29 | PN01M | HEX NUT M6-1 |
| 40 | PN09M | HEX NUT M12-1.75 |
| 41 | PW06M | FLAT WASHER 12MM |
| 44 | PSB01M | CAP SCREW M6-1 X 16 |
| 118 | PLN04M | LOCK NUT M8-1.25 |
| 154 | P0588154 | STEEL CABLE WHEEL |
| 155 | P0588155 | TORSION SPRING |
| 156 | PSB40M | CAP SCREW M8-1.25 X 35 |
| 157 | PSB136M | CAP SCREW M10-1.5 X 90 |
| 158 | P0588158 | SCALE |
| 159 | P0588159 | STEEL CABLE |
| 160 | P0588160 | HAND WHEEL |
| 161 | P0588161 | HAND WHEEL COLLAR |
| 162 | P0588162 | SHAFT NUT |
| 163 | P0588163 | SHAFT NUT BASE |
| 164 | P0588164 | TW-NUT |
| 165 | P0588165 | LEAD SCREW NUT |
| 166 | P0588166 | LEAD SCREW TW-16 8T/ INCH |
| 167 | P0588167 | STEEL CABLE JACKET |
| 168 | PSB64M | CAP SCREW M10-1.5 X 25 |
| 169 | P0588169 | COVER SUPPORT M6-1 X 25 |
| 170 | P0588170 | SET SHAFT |
| 171 | P0588171 | BODY ARBOR |


| REF |
| :--- |
| PART \# |
| 172 P0588172 GATHER PLATE <br> 173 P0588173 CRANK ARM <br> 174 P0588174 PULLEY COLLAR <br> 175 PSB40M CAP SCREW M8-1.25 X 35 <br> 176 P0588176 GATHER BOLT M8-1.25 X 35 <br> 177 PLN07M LOCK NUT 16-2 <br> 178 P0588178 WORM <br> 179 P0588179 WORM GEAR <br> 180 P0588180 COPPER SLEEVE <br> 181 PB132M HEX BOLT M16-2 X 40 <br> 182 P0588182 GEAR BOX <br> 183 PSS11 SET SCREW 1/4-20 X 1/4 <br> 184 P0588184 COPPER SLEEVE <br> 185 PSS59M SET SCREW M8-1.25 X 14 <br> 186 P0588186 HAND WHEEL SHAFT <br> 187 P0588187 HAND WHEEL <br> 190 P0588190 FOLDABLE HANDLE HL-80 <br> 191 PSS51M SET SCREW M4-.7 X 8 <br> 192 P0588192 ARBOR PLATE <br> 264 P0588264 KNOB M10-1.5 <br> 266 P0588266 COVER (UPPER) <br> $\frac{275}{}$ P0588275 ROTATE PART LOCK <br> 276 PRP42M ROLL PIN 3 X 20 <br> 277 PSB14M CAP SCREW M8-1.25 X 20 |



## Motor Assembly

| REF | PART \# | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22 | PN03M | HEX NUT M8-1.25 |
| 24 | PB34M | HEX BOLT M10-1.5 X 60 |
| 25 | PN02M | HEX NUT M10-1.5 |
| 91 | PW04M | FLAT WASHER 10MM |
| 101 | P0588101 | NYLON SCREW M12-1.75 X 12 |
| 118 | PLN04M | LOCK NUT M8-1.25 |
| 164 | P0588164 | TW-NUT |
| 193 | P0588193 | DUST COVER |
| 194 | PSB11M | CAP SCREW M8-1.25 X 16 |
| 195 | PFH11M | FLAT HD SCR M8-1.25 X 15 |
| 196 | P0588196 | HEX NUT M16-2 (LH) |
| 197 | P0588197 | ARBOR FLANGE |
| 198 | PRP74M | ROLL PIN 4 X 8 |
| 200 | P0588200 | BLADE ARBOR |
| 201 | P6004 | BALL BEARING 6004ZZ |
| 203 | PSB46M | CAP SCREW M4-. $7 \times 40$ |
| 204 | PN04M | HEX NUT M4-. 7 |
| 205 | P0588205 | LIMIT SWITCH |
| 206 | P0588206 | V-BELT 3VX-265 |
| 207 | P0588207 | MOTOR PULLEY |
| 208 | PR71M | EXT RETAINING RING 60MM |
| 209 | PSS16M | SET SCREW M8-1.25 X 10 |
| 210 | PSB11M | CAP SCREW M8-1.25 X 16 |
| 211 | P0588211 | RIVING KNIFE HOLDER |
| 212 | P0588212 | RIVING BRACKET |
| 213 | PCB25M | CARRIAGE BOLT M12-1.75 X 35 |
| 214 | PSS01M | SET SCREW M6-1 X 10 |
| 215 | PK42M | KEY $6 \times 6 \times 30$ |
| 216 | P0588216 | MOTOR 5HP-1PH (G0588) |
| 216 | P0591216 | MOTOR 7.5HP-3PH (G0591) |
| 216-1 | P0588216-1 | MOTOR FAN (G0588) |
| 216-1 | P0591216-1 | MOTOR FAN (G0591) |
| 216-2 | P0588216-2 | MOTOR FAN COVER (G0588) |
| 216-2 | P0591216-2 | MOTOR FAN COVER (G0591) |

REF PART \# DESCRIPTION

| $216-3$ | PC045A | R CAPACITR 45M 250 V (G0591) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $216-4$ | PC600 | S CAPACITR 600M 125V (G0591) |
| $\frac{216-5}{}$ | P0591216-5 | R CAPACITOR COVER (G0591) |
| $216-6$ | P0591216-6 | S CAPACITOR COVER (G0591) |
| $216-7$ | P0588216-7 | WIRING CONNECT BOX (G0588) |
| $216-7$ | P0591216-7 | WIRING CONNECT BOX (G0591) |
| 217 | PB74M | HEX BOLT M10-1.5 X 20 |
| 218 | PLW06M | LOCK WASHER 10MM |
| 219 | P0588219 | SPANNER NUT M25-1.5 |
| 220 | P0588220 | MOTOR PLATE |
| 221 | PR09M | EXT RETAINING RING 20MM |
| 222 | P0588222 | ROTATE HOUSING |
| 223 | PRP08M | ROLL PIN 6 X 30 |
| 224 | P0588224 | BLADE GUARD |
| $\frac{227}{}$ | P0588227 | ADJUST HANDLE M8-1.25 X 30 |
| 228 | P0588228 | RIVING KNIFE |
| 229 | P0588229 | COVER LOCK BLOCK |
| 269 | P0588269 | SWTCH CRD 1.0 X 2C X 7500MM |
| 270 | P0588270 | POWER CRD 1.5 X 4C X 7000MM |
| 271 | P0588271 | MOTOR CRD 1.5 X 4C X 7000MM |
| 272 | P0588272 | SWTCH CRD 1.0 X 4C X 7000MM |
| 280 | P0588280 | WAVE WASHER 60MM |
| 281 | PAW02M | HEX WRENCH 2MM |
| 282 | PAW03M | HEX WRENCH 3MM |
| 283 | PAW06M | HEX WRENCH 6MM |
| 284 | P0588284 | T-KEY WRENCH 4MM |
| 285 | P0588285 | T-KEY WRENCH 5MM |
| 286 | P0588286 | T-KEY WRENCH 6MM |
| 287 | P0588287 | WRENCH 13MM |
| 288 | P0588288 | WRENCH 19MM |
| 289 | PWR1012 | WRENCH 10 X 12 |
| 290 | PWR1417 | WRENCH 14 X 17 |
| 291 | P0588291 | WRENCH 22 X 24 |
| 305 | PN09M | HEX NUT M12-1.75 |
|  |  |  |



## Arbor Assembly

| REF |
| :--- |
| PART \# |
| 3 PW01M FLAT WASHER 8MM <br> 25 PN02M HEX NUT M10-1.5 <br> 118 PLN04M LOCK NUT M8-1.25 <br> 174 P0588174 PULLEY COLLAR <br> 230 P0588230 SCORING BLADE WASHER <br> 232 P0588232 SCORING ARBOR <br> 233 PK47M KEY 4 X 4 X 15 <br> 234 PR29M INT RETAINING RING 32MM <br> 235 P0588235 WAVE WASHER 15MM <br> 236 P0588236 BLADE LINK SHAFT <br> 237 P6002 BALL BEARING 6002ZZ <br> 238 P0588238 BLADE LINK SHAFT <br> 239 P0588239 TORSION SPRING <br> 240 PSS05M SET SCREW M5-.8 X 10 <br> 241 P0588241 SLEEVE <br> 242 PSB12M CAP SCREW M8-1.25 X 40 <br> 243 P0588243 LINK SHAFT BASE |


| REF |
| :--- |
| PART \# |
| 244 P0588244 ECCENTRIC <br> 245 P0588245 SPECIAL SET SCREW M8-1.25 X 25 <br> 246 PR05M EXT RETAINING RING 15MM <br> 247 P0588247 SCORING PULLEY <br> 248 P0588248 HEX NUT M8-1.25 (LH) <br> 249 PSB72M CAP SCREW M10-1.5 X 30 <br> 250 P0588250 IDLE WHEEL <br> 251 P6000 BALL BEARING 6000ZZ <br> 252 PR40M INT RETAINING RING 26MM <br> 253 PSB130M CAP SCREW M10-1.5 X 16 <br> 254 P0588254 FLAT BELT PULLEY <br> 255 PK99M KEY 6 X 6 X 15 <br> 256 P0588256 PULLEY SUPPORT <br> 257 P0588257 EXTENSION SPRING <br> 258 P0588258 FLAT BELT T150-920-T1 <br> 268 PSS05M SET SCREW M5-.8 X 10 |



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Please feel free to write or call us if you have any questions about the machine or the manual.
Thank you again for your business and continued support. We hope to serve you again soon.

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Street $\qquad$
City $\qquad$ State $\qquad$ Zip $\qquad$
Phone \# $\qquad$ Email $\qquad$ Invoice \# $\qquad$
Model \# $\qquad$ Order \# $\qquad$ Serial \# $\qquad$
The following information is given on a voluntary basis. It will be used for marketing purposes to help us develop better products and services. Of course, all information is strictly confidential.

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| ___ Advertisement | Friend | Card Deck |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |$\quad$ ___ Website $\quad$ Other:

2. Which of the following magazines do you subscribe to?

| Cabinet Maker Family Handyman | Popular Mechanics | Today's Homeowner Wood |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Popular Science |  |
| Hand Loader | Popular Woodworking | Wooden Boat |
| Handy | Practical Homeowner | Woodshop News |
| Home Shop Machinist | Precision Shooter | Woodsmith |
| Journal of Light Cont. | Projects in Metal | Woodwork |
| Live Steam | RC Modeler | Woodworker West |
| Model Airplane News | Rifle | Woodworker's Journal |
| Modeltec | Shop Notes | Other: |
| Old House Journal | Shotgun News |  |

3. What is your annual household income?
$\qquad$ \$40,000-\$49,000 \$70,000+
\$50,000-\$59,000 \$60,000-\$69,000
4. What is your age group?
_ 20-29 30-39
5. How long have you been a woodworker/metalworker?
$\qquad$ 0-2 Years $\qquad$ 2-8 Years 8-20 Years
___20+ Years
6. How many of your machines or tools are Grizzly?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ 3-5 $\qquad$ 6-9
$\qquad$ 10+
7. Do you think your machine represents a good value? $\qquad$ Yes $\qquad$ No
8. Would you recommend Grizzly Industrial to a friend? $\qquad$ Yes $\qquad$ No
9. Would you allow us to use your name as a reference for Grizzly customers in your area?

Note: We never use names more than 3 times. Yes No
10. Comments: $\qquad$
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$\qquad$
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